# "TO SEE OR NOT TO SEE. THAT IS THE QUESTION" Lesson Plan 1

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UNIT:	"TO SEE OR NOT TO SEE. THAT IS THE QUESTION"
LESSON:	Quentin Blake (5 hours)
SESSION:	Session 1: Introducing the illustrator and his work (2 hour) Session 2: Working on "Mister Magnolia" (3 hours)

# AIMS

- 1. To know about Quentin Blake (life and work)
- 2. To know and develop work from one of Blake's books as an illustrator and a writer.
- 3. To develop skills to illustrate a rhyme.

# CONTRIBUTION TO COMPETENCES

- 1. Communicative. Artistic and cultural: applying techniques and aesthetic resources of different artistic languages as well as his/her own knowledge.
- 2. Personal: can develop individual or collective activities with creativity, confidence, responsibility and critical thinking.

LEARNING OUTCOMES	COGNITION
What learners will be able to do at the end	
of the lesson	
<ol> <li>KNOW:         <ol> <li>Basic information about the life and works of the illustrator.</li> <li>The language and meaning of the story.</li> <li>About language used in a story.</li> <li>A story can be written in rhyme.</li> </ol> </li> <li>BE ABLE TO:         <ol> <li>Identify Quentin Blake's pictures</li> <li>Reproduce some parts of the language of a story in art and</li> <li>In the product of the language of a story in art and</li> <li>In the language of a story in art and</li> <li>In the language of a story in art and</li> <li>In the language of a story in art and</li> <li>In the language of a story in art and</li> <li>In the language of a story in art and</li> <li>In the language of a story in art and</li> <li>In the language of a story in art and</li> <li>In the language of a story in art and</li></ol></li></ol>	<ul> <li>Matching</li> <li>Giving reasons</li> <li>Organizing information</li> <li>Imagining</li> <li>Applying imagination</li> <li>Hypothesising</li> <li>Analysing a book text</li> <li>Applying information</li> <li>Predicting</li> <li>Classifying</li> <li>Comparing</li> </ul>
language. 3. Produce short rhymes. 4. Develop skimming and scanning skills for reading a text. 5. Illustrate a rhyme.  BE AWARE THAT: Artists can be illustrators of children's books.	CULTURE  1. Respect different points of view 2. Interest in knowing other people's works of art (artists and classmates. 3. Interests in knowing what other languages sound like.

# COMMUNICATION

#### LANGUAGE OF LEARNING

Vocabulary: feelings, animals, food, family, clothes, musical instruments, weather, alphabet, actions, means of transport, daily routines...

Communication structures: Can. Present continuous. Present simple. How many...? There is /are. How is / are...feeling? Why? Because... What is / are ...doing? To Have. To be .

# LANGUAGE FOR LEARNING

- -Explaining somebody's life facts.
- -Describing a picture.
- -Giving reasons and justifying them.
- -Expressing comparisons between two images.
- -Expressing possibilities.
- -Expressing feelings through body language.

#### LANGUAGE THROUGH LEARNING

-Language that might come out when developing the session. e.g."I don't know a word that will rhyme", "Does this word rhyme with...?"

# ASSESMENT CRITERIA

The assessment is going to be mostly formative. Pupils should be able to:

- -Recount some of Quentin Blake's life facts.
- -Describe characters from a storybook.
- -Talk about feelings.
- -Organize information in a mind-map...
- -Understand the content of a story and answer questions about it.
- -Justify an answer.
- -Match oral information with pictures.
- -Identify words that rhyme.
- -Make short rhymes.
- -Illustrate their own rhymes.
- \*This symbol next to some of the activities indicates that they can be used for assessment.