

# DISCOVERING 3 D SHAPES

## LESSONS PLANS

M<sup>a</sup> ROSA GARCIA BLAZQUEZ

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**TEACHING AIMS**

- \*To know the differences between 2D and 3D shapes
- \*To know the most common 3D shapes.

**LESSON 1**

**SESSIONS 1 TO 5**

TIME: 1 HOUR EACH.

**COMPETENCES**

- \*Communicative. Relate observations, explanations. Interaction with other people.
- \*Mathematical: interpret different types of mathematical observation. Reason mathematically.

**LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- Will know:**
- \*Differences between 2D and 3D shapes.
  - \* The names of the common 3D shapes.
  - \* 3D shapes in our daily life.

- Will be able to:**
- \*Identify, classify, describe, the different 3D shapes.
- Will be aware of:**
- \*How to cooperate in a group
  - \*How 3D shapes are present in our daily life.

**COGNITION**

- \*Recognizing
- \*Memorizing
- \*Classifying
- \*Comparing

3D shapes

**CONTENT**

- \*3D shapes: their names, and construction.
- \*Properties of 3D shapes: faces, vertex, edges,
- \*Classification of 3D shapes using various attributes

**CULTURE**

- \*3D shapes in our daily life: containers

**COMMUNICATION**

**Language of learning:** content vocabulary: cube, ,triangular prism, rectangular prism, cone cylinder, pyramid, sphere,... square, circle, pentagon hexagon,... edge, vertex face.,

Structures: It is a cube. Who has the hexagonal pyramid?. This shapes \_\_\_\_\_ because it has \_\_\_\_\_,

To construct a pyramid you need..... A sphere is a 3D shape with 1 curved surface

**Language for learning:** Describing 3D shapes. Asking and answering. Giving reasons.

**ASSESSMENT**

Can the students:

- \*Discriminate 3D shapes from 2D shapes.
- \*Label different 3D shapes.
- \*Identify the different parts of a 3D shape.
- \*Classify 3D shapes according to different criteria.
- \*Work out what some 3D shapes have in common

**TEACHING AIMS**

- \*To know the nets of some 3D shapes
- \*To know regular polyhedrons.

**LESSON 2**

**SESSIONS 1 TO 6**

TIME: 1 HOUR EACH.

**COMPETENCES**

- \*Communicative. Relate observations, explanations. Interaction with other people.
- \*Mathematical: interpret different types of mathematical observation. Reason mathematically.

**LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- Will know:**
- \*Nets of 3D shapes
  - \* The names of the common regular polyhedrons

- Will be able to:**
- \*Identify the nets of the 3D shapes.
  - \*Construct 3D shapes with different materials.
- Will be aware of:**
- \* How we can construct a 3D shape with a flat surface.

**COGNITION**

- \*Recognizing
  - \*Memorizing
  - \*Classifying
  - \*Predicting (what is needed to construct a 3D shape)
- Regular polyhedrons

**CONTENT**

- \*Nets of the 3D shapes.
- \*Regular polyhedrons, construction and classification.
- \* Parts of a 3D shape: edges, vertices, faces.

**CULTURE**

- \*3D shapes and origami
- \*3D shapes in our daily life

**COMMUNICATION**

**Language of learning:** content vocabulary: cube, triangular prism, rectangular prism, cone cylinder, pyramid, sphere,... square, circle, pentagon hexagon,... edge, vertex face, tetrahedron, hexahedron, icosahedron, dodecahedron, octahedron...  
Structures: An (octahedron) has (8) triangles. If I look at the (square pyramid) from above I can see a (square) . A rectangle could be a (prism) from (in front) Do you have any triangles?. How many faces do you have? It has (8) edges, and (5) corners.

**Language for learning:** Describing. Asking and answering

**ASSESSMENT**

- Can the students:
- \*Recognise the nets of 3D shapes.
  - \*Label different regular polyhedrons.
  - \*Identify the different parts of a 3D shape.
  - \*Construct regular polyhedrons
  - \*Cooperate and work in a group

**TEACHING AIMS**

- \*To recognize that shapes are common in our local area
- \*To be creative: Design a 3D object.

**LESSON 3**

**SESSIONS 1 TO 4**

TIME: 1 HOUR EACH.

**COMPETENCES**

- \*Communicative. Relate observations, explanations. Interaction with other people.
- \*Mathematical: interpret different types of mathematical observation. Reason mathematically.

**LEARNING OUTCOMES**

**Will know:** London and its buildings

**Will be able to:** \*Identify 3D shapes in the buildings and in the pieces of street furniture.  
\*Design a regular 3D shape object

**Will be aware that** our world has many examples of 3D shapes.

**COGNITION**

- \*Analysing 3D shapes (found into the buildings)
- \*Classifying
- \*Comparing the 3D shapes found in the local area, from London.
- \*Generating ideas to design an object.

**CONTENT**

- \*Drawing of 3D shapes..
- \*Drawing buildings or street furniture
- \*Design an object (cross-curricular).

**CULTURE**

- \*3D shapes in our local area
- \*3D shapes in London
- \*3D shapes in our daily life
- \*Respect and value of others opinions and pieces of work.

**COMMUNICATION**

**Language of learning:** content vocabulary: cube, triangular prism, rectangular prism, cone cylinder, pyramid, sphere,... square, circle, pentagon, hexagon,... edge, vertex face, tetrahedron, hexahedron, icosahedron, dodecahedron, octahedron..  
Structures: We found (1,2,3,4..) cylinder/s, cube/s, prism/s. : I designed a \_\_\_\_\_. It is used for \_\_\_\_\_. I think it can be made of (plastic, paper, stone, clay,) Do you have any triangles?. How many faces do you have?

**Language for learning:** Describing  
Asking and answering:

**ASSESSMENT**

Can the students:  
\*Identify 3D shapes in buildings.  
\*Draw 3D shapes.  
\*Design an object  
\*Cooperate and work in a group.  
Self assessment