# **MENTAL MATHS**

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#### MENTAL MATHS AND PROBLEM SOLVING

## Lesson Plan:

Mental maths

# Year 5

Aim: to learn key skills for mental arithmetic operations

TEACHING OBJECTIVES	COMPETENCES
1. To improve understanding of place value and ordering numbers	Linguistic and audio-visual:
2. To recognise and extend number sequences formed by counting on and back	-can relate observations, explanations, thoughts and opinions
in steps of any size	Mathematical:
3. To add or subtract the nearest multiple of 10 or 100 and then adjust	-Can use and relate the tools and the forms of expression of mathematical thought
4. To add and subtract by changing the order of the numbers to make multiples	and to reason mathematically
of 10	-Can interpret and put into practice processes of mathematical reasoning leading
5. To understand the operation of addition, subtraction, multiplication and	to solving problems and questions in everyday situations
division and the associated vocabulary	Autonomy, initiative and decision taking:
6. To multiply and divide any natural and decimal number by 10, 100 and 1000	-Can initiate, develop and assess individual or collective activities

LEARNING OUTCOMES children will be able to						
COGNITIVE	CONTENT	CULTURE				
<ul> <li>Understanding instructions and apply them.</li> <li>Identifying the value of each digit in a number and different mental strategies</li> <li>Checking results of calculations</li> <li>Analysing the use of number lines when representing numbers</li> <li>Classifying different mental strategies</li> <li>Predicting outcomes and imagining the weight of solids</li> <li>Inferring when filling numbers in sequences</li> <li>Deducing the rule which follows the sequences</li> <li>Recognising inverse operations</li> <li>Matching the operation with the correct method</li> <li>Interpreting information</li> <li>Sequencing mental processes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The mathematical names of numbers and symbols</li> <li>Place value</li> <li>Rules in sequences</li> <li>Order of numbers</li> <li>Rapid recall of addition subtraction and multiplication facts</li> <li>Multiples</li> <li>Mental calculation strategies (+, -, ×, ÷): <ul> <li>✓ Inverse operations</li> <li>✓ Reordering</li> <li>✓ Complement number</li> <li>✓ Adjusting</li> <li>✓ × / ÷ 10, 100, 1000</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Interest in discovering the patterns in sequences of numbers</li> <li>Respect others' conclusions when discussing</li> <li>English culture: use of dots instead of comas when using decimals.</li> <li>Awareness of others perspectives when working in pairs or group</li> </ul>				

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COMMUNICATION				
LANGUAGE OF LEARNING	LANGUAGE FOR LEARNING		LANG THROUGH LEARNING	
• Vocabulary of the topic Add, double, subtract, even, odd, digit, term, square number, linear sequence, halve, highest/ lowest, lower than/ highest than, between, ascending, descending, units, tens, hundreds, thousand, ten thousand, million, place value, plus, minus, equal, number line, chart, abacus, first, second, third, fourth, fifthMore, add, sum, total, altogether, increase, equals, sign, inverse, take away, subtract, how many are left, how much less, difference between, how much more, how many more to take, decrease, split, multiplied by, altogether, row, column, equal groups of, recombine, remainder, divisor, share into groups, twice, doubling, product, inverse, need, each, per person, divided by, divisible by, producer, lots of, times table,	<ul> <li>Making decisions</li> <li>Reporting the strategies to use when comparing numbers</li> <li>Describing numbers, mental strategies and sequences</li> <li>Comparing numbers</li> <li>Asking for prizes and</li> <li>Suggesting</li> <li>Explaining mental processes to solve problems</li> <li>Locating communities and cities in Spain</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lang support LS1, LS2, LS3, LS4, LS5, LS6, LS7, LS8</li> <li>Classroom Language What's the value of the units/ tens? Can you read this number? order, listen, count, report, which number is missing? what's next? Is it addition or subtraction? the rule/ pattern is Respond (rapidly) quickly, explain the strategy used, work out mentally, add/subtract mentally, count up/ down, report, what can you see?, how many will you need? how much does it cost? How much do they cost?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dictionary skills</li> <li>Questions that come across throughout the lessons</li> </ul>	

### MENTAL MATHS AND PROBLEM SOLVING

share equally	ACTIVITIES	
<ul> <li>share equally</li> <li>Structures for communication <ul> <li>(Numbers)</li> <li>It is an / a (odd/ even number)</li> <li>Number () is bigger/smaller than ()</li> <li>Number () is the biggest/smallest</li> <li>First/ second number () because the units/</li> <li>hundreds are bigger/smaller</li> <li>The (units) are equal, but the (thousands)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	AC Teaching/ Learning 1. Bounding numbers 2. Patterns everywhere! 3. What comes next? 5. Domino number bonds 6. Digit cards 7. Divide and multiply by 10/100 10. Help Molly!	CTIVITIES         Assessment for learning         Lesson 3: recall ×/÷ 10/100 (bbc web)         8. Do it in one minute         12. Throw the dice         20. Beehive         23. ×/÷ 10, 100 Domino         32. What is a multiple?         34. Guess the sequence
are smaller/bigger I think you add on/subtract () to get the next number () groups of/times () equals/makes If we share () into ()groups it will be I can see (groups of) We can put () together because We will need () groups of () to make We will have() each/per person	<ul> <li>10. Help Molly!</li> <li>11. Bonds Wheel</li> <li>14. Adjusting</li> <li>15. Number chain</li> <li>17. Inverse operation</li> <li>18. Reordering numbers</li> <li>24. Partitioning</li> <li>25. Do it before it disappears</li> <li>28. Three in a row</li> <li>30. Sequences through geometry</li> <li>33. Crack the code</li> <li>39. Coordinates</li> </ul>	34. Guess the sequence 35. Say examples of sequences & mental strategies