

1. Resol les equacions següents:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a)} \quad \frac{x^2-16}{3} - x &= \frac{2-3x}{3} - \frac{x^2}{3} \\ \frac{x^2-16}{3} - \frac{3x}{3} &= \frac{2-3x}{3} - \frac{x^2}{3} \\ x^2-16-3x &= 2-3x-x^2 \\ 2x^2 &= 18 \\ x^2 &= 9 \\ x &= \pm 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b)} \quad -x^4-4x^2+45 &= 0 \\ t &= x^2 \\ -t^2-4t+45 &= 0 \\ t^2+4t-45 &= 0 \\ t &= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16+180}}{2} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{196}}{2} = \frac{-4 \pm 14}{2} \\ t_1=5 &\Rightarrow x^2=5 \rightarrow x = \pm\sqrt{5} \\ t_2=-9 &\Rightarrow \text{Noté solució} \end{aligned}$$

2. Resol sense utilitzar la fórmula:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a)} \quad -9x^2+81 &= 0 \\ -9x^2 &= -81 \\ x^2 &= 9 \Rightarrow x = \pm 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b)} \quad (9x-27)^2 = 16$$

$$\sqrt{(9x-27)^2} = \pm 4$$

$$9x+27 = \pm 4$$

$$9x-27 = 4 \rightarrow 9x = 31 \rightarrow x = \frac{31}{9}$$

$$9x-27 = -4 \rightarrow 9x = 23 \rightarrow x = \frac{23}{9}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c)} \quad -x^2+9x &= 0 \\ x(-x+9) &= 0 \\ x &= 0 \\ -x+9=0 &\rightarrow -x = -9 \rightarrow x = 9 \end{aligned}$$

3. Resol:

a) $\sqrt{x+2} = x-4$ Comprovació: $x_1=7$ *sí que és solució* $\rightarrow \sqrt{7+2}=7-4$
 $x_2=2$ *no és solució* $\rightarrow 2 \neq -2$

$$x+2 = (x-4)^2$$

$$x+2 = x^2 - 8x + 16$$

$$x^2 - 9x + 14 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{9 \pm \sqrt{81 - 56}}{2} = \frac{9 \pm 5}{2}$$

$$x_1 = 7$$

$$x_2 = 2$$

b) $\sqrt{x-2} = \sqrt{x+5} - 1$ Comprovació: $\sqrt{11-2} = 4-1$
 $\sqrt{9} = 3$

$$x+2 = (\sqrt{x+5} - 1)^2$$

$$x+2 = x+5 - 2\sqrt{x+5} + 1$$

$$-8 = -2\sqrt{x+5}$$

$$4 = \sqrt{x+5}$$

$$x+5 = 16 \rightarrow x = 11$$